# Italgroup®

HYDRAULIC MOTORS
ITALY



FD - FDM

Radial piston flow dividers



## **FLOW DIVIDERS** FD/FDM SERIES TECHNICAL CATALOGUE



# FD **FDM**



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#### HYDRAULIC MOTORS ITALY

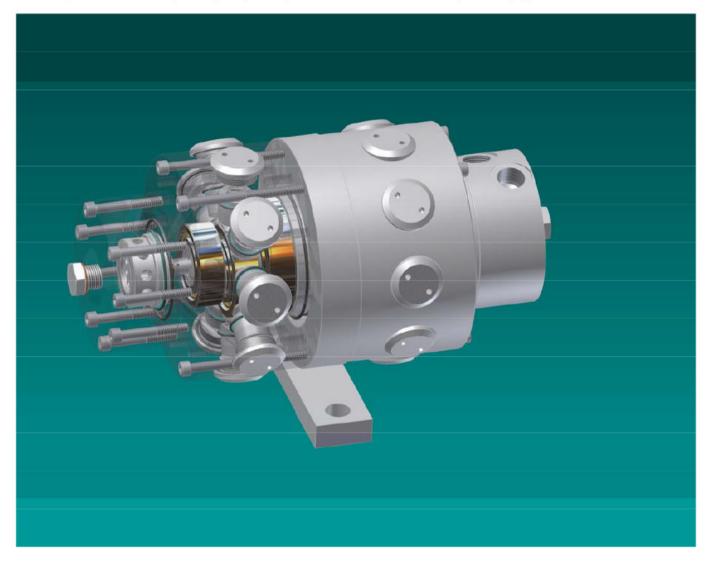
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#### GENERAL INFORMATION

ITALGROUP has been manufacturing RADIAL PISTON HYDRAULIC MOTORS since 1985: our yearly production is more than 13.000 units which we sell all over the world through our agents and authorized sellers. Our motor range varies from 20cc to 8500cc displacement and it is completed by two-speed motors and special motors created in cooperation with our clients for different applications such as: underwater, high & low speed and wheel motors and with the possibility to assemble valves, brakes or gear reductions. You can directly contact our Technical Department which will give you all the necessary support to find the right solutions to your problems.

ITALGROUP is a flexible work reality and manages deliveries also within the same day of order; we produce motors exactly interchangeable with our competitors, always ready on stock which our customers particularly appreciate.





#### FLOW DIVIDERS TECHNICAL DATA

			<b>.</b>	F	ressur	e	Flow per	section			
MODEL		N° of pistons per section	Displacement per section	Max Cont.	Max Int.	Мах	Max Continuous	Max Int.	Max power per	section	Dry Weight
			cc/rev	bar	bar	bar	l/min	l/min	НР	kW	kg
FD 20		9	20	250	280	320	25	35	12	9	55
FD 27		9	27	250	280	320	35	50	16	12	55
FD 34		9	34	250	280	320	45	60	20	15	55
FD 50	FD	9	51	250	280	320	60	80	27	20	65
FD 75		9	76	250	280	320	90	120	41	30	65
FD 90		9	89	250	280	320	110	140	48	35	65
FD 100		9	102	250	280	320	125	160	54	40	65
FD 1 80		5	80	250	280	350	55	65	27	20	90
FD 1 100	FD 1	5	100	250	280	350	70	85	34	25	90
FD 1 150		5	157	250	280	350	110	130	52	38	90
FD 2 250	ED 2	5	253	250	280	350	130	150	61	45	110
FD 2 350	FD 2	5	362	250	280	350	165	190	79	58	110
FD 3 400		5	397	250	280	350	170	190	82	60	180
FD 3 450	<b>FD</b> 0	5	452	250	280	350	190	215	91	67	180
FD 3 500	FD 3	5	491	250	280	350	210	230	101	74	180
FD 3 600		5	594	250	280	350	230	260	109	80	180
FD 4 800		5	792	250	280	350	250	295	120	88	230
FD 4 900	FD 4	5	904	250	280	350	285	335	139	100	230
FD 5 1400		5	1376	250	280	300	290	340	119	87	460
FD 5 1500	FD 5	5	1528	250	280	300	320	375	130	96	460
FD 5 1600		5	1648	250	280	300	350	400	143	105	460
FD 6 2500		5	2525	250	280	300	390	460	160	118	900
FD 6 3000		5	2983	250	280	300	440	525	179	132	900
FD 6 3200	FD 6	5	3289	250	280	300	460	550	188	138	900
FD 6 3500		5	3479	250	280	300	490	590	200	147	900
FDM 34		9	34	250	280	320	45	60	20	15	35 per section
FDM 50		9	51	250	280	320	60	80	27	20	45 per section
FDM 75	FDM	9	76	250	280	320	90	120	48	35	45 per section
FDM 100		9	102	250	280	320	125	160	54	40	45 per section



#### HYDRAULIC FLUIDS RECOMMENDATIONS

#### HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

We recommend the use of hydraulic oils with anti-wear additives (ISO HM or HV) and minimum viscosity index of 95. Once normal working temperature is reached, oil viscosity must be at least 44 cSt, preferably in the range from 50 to 80

Hydraulic oils meeting Denison MF-O. Vickers M-2952-S I performance requirements and DIN specifications, are preferred.

Pay particular attention if you use HE type oils (ecological fluid) because them can influence the motor seals compatibility, the motor performance and life. Please ask us for advice in case of HE type oils usage.

Mineral hydraulic oils are divided into four main types. designated by the International Standards Organisation (ISO) as HH, HL, HM and HV. We advise to use only products with HM or HV specifications.

#### HM type

These are the most widely employed hydraulic oils. They include small quantities of anti-wear additives to provide significant improvement in wear reduction. "Superior" quality HM type oils can be used for all equipment, with the added assurance that they will be suitable for the highest temperature.

#### HV type

HV hydraulic oils show minimal change in viscosity with temperature variations.

#### OIL VISCOSITY RECOMMENDATION

Room temperature HM type ISO-VG

- -20°C / 0°C BP ENERGOL HLP HM 22
- -15°C /+5°C BP ENERGOL HLP - HM 32 -8°C /+15°C BP BNERGOL HLP - HM 46
- 0°C /+22°C BP ENERGOL HLP HM 68
- +8°C /+30°C BP ENERGOL HLP - HM100
- -20°C /+5°C **BP BARTRAN HV 32** -15°C /+22°C BP BARTRAN HV 46
- 0°C /+30°C BP BARTRAN HV 68

Our motors have been designed to work also with:

- oils type ATF (Automatic Transmission Fluid)
- oils with viscosity SAE 10W 20 -30
- multigrade motor oils SAE 10 W/40 or 15 W/40
- universal oils

During cold start-up, avoid high-speed operation until the system is warmed up to provide adequate lubrication.

Continuous working temperature must not exceed 70°C. Every 5-8°C of increase from the optimum working temperature, the hydraulic fluid life decrease of about 40-50% (see OXIDATION). Therefore the motor life will be affected by consequence.

#### FIRE RESISTANT OIL LIMITATIONS

	Max cont. pressure	Max int. pressure	Max speed
HFA, 5-95% oil-water	103	138	50%
HFB, 60-40% oil-water	138	172	100%
HFC, water-glycol	103	138	50%
HED ester phosphate	250	293	100%

#### FILTRATION

Hydraulic systems oil must always be filtered.

The choice of filtration grade derives from needs of service life and money spent. In order to obtain stated service life it is important to follow our recommendations concerning filtration grade.

When choosing the filter it is important to consider the amount of dirt particles that filter can absorb and still operate satisfactorily. For that reason we recommend filters showing when you need to substitute filtering cartridge.

- 25 µm filtration required in most applications
- 10 µm filtration in closed circuit applications

#### OXIDATION

Hydraulic oil oxidizes with time of use and temperature. Oxidation causes changes in colour and smell, acidity increase or sludge formation in the tank. Oxidation rate increases rapidly at surface temperatures above 60°C, in these situations oil should be checked more often. Every 5-8°C of increase from the optimum working temperature, the hydraulic fluid life decrease of about 40-50%.

The oxidation process increases the acidity of the fluid; the acidity is stated in terms of the "neutralization number". Oxidation is usually slow at the beginning and then it increases rapidly.

A sharp increase (by a factor of 2 to 3) in neutralization number between inspections shows that oil has oxidized too much and should be replaced immediately.

#### WATER CONTENT

Oil contamination by water can be detected by sampling from the bottom of the tank. Most hydraulic oils repel the water, which then collects at the bottom of the tank. This water must be drained off at regular intervals. Certain types of transmission oils and engine oils emulsify the water; this can be detected by coatings on filter cartridges or a change in the colour of the oil. In such cases, obtain your oil supplier advice.

#### DEGREE OF CONTAMINATION

Heavy contamination of the oil causes wear rising in hydraulic system components. Contamination causes must be immediately investigated and remedied.

#### **ANALYSIS**

In optimum operating conditions, we recommend to perfor an oil analysis 6 months. The analysis should cover viscosity, oxidation, water content, additives and contamination. Most oil suppliers are equipped to analyze oil state and to recommend appropriate action. Oil must be immediately replaced if the analysis shows that it is exhausted.



#### INSTRUCTIONS AND ADVICES

#### GENERAL INFORMATION **FLOW** ON **DIVIDERS**

If several motors or cylinders are operate from a single pump without any means of controlling their individual flows only the motor or cylinder with the lowest pressure requirement would start its work cycle. The motor or cylinder with the next lower pressure requirement would only start when the first unit has completed its work cycle. This mode of operation is normally undesiderable, the total pump flow must therefore be divided into a series of partial flows. This can be obtained in the following ways:

- Throttles or flow regulation valves in each motor or cylinder connection:
- Operating the units in a series circuit:
- By the flow dividers utilisation.

#### INSTALLATION

Hoses and piping must be clean and free from contamination. No other special requirements are necessary.

- Intermot always advices the application datasheet compilation to help the customer to perform the best Italgroup flow divider type selection
- Flow divider can be mounted in any position
- In all the working conditions Italgroup suggests the valve block version selection
- Consult factory for intermittent applications

#### START UP

The flow divider case and pistons must be completely filled with oil before starting. Infact, the drain line piping must be installed in a way that doesn't allow that the flow divider can be empty. Due to the low drain quantity it is absolutely necessary fill completely the flow divider before the start-up (this is fundamental for the first start-up especially). Do not load the flow divider immediately at the maximum pressure and speed but increase the load gradually at start-up. Especially when the flow divider has a small displacement, do not start the flow divider when the outlet pressure is already at the maximum value.

#### CASE DRAIN – CASE PRESSURE

The flow dividers have many drain ports that are internally connected together. At least one of these drain ports must be connected to the tank. For continuous use flushing is required to maintain the operating fluid viscosity between the recommended values (see Hydraulics fluid recommendations). The case pressure must not exceed 20 bar, in order to avoid the mechanical parts failure and flow divider leakage.

#### TEMPERATURE

Refer to hydraulic fluid recommendations.

#### VISCOSITY

Refer to hydraulic fluid recommendations.

#### HIGH PRESSURE APPLICATIONS

In case of high pressure applications, a Nitemper treatment on motor body or in cylinders it is suggested to increase wear and tear resistance.

#### MINIMUM FLOWS

The minimum recommended flow per section can be calculated as the 20% of the maximum continuous flow (refer to the flow dividers technical data).

#### SYNCHRONIZATION

Italgroup flow dividers are of the radial piston design. Thanks to this characteristic, they can reach a very high accuracy.

The synchronization error depends by different factors:

- Oil viscosity and temperature:
- System pressure mean value and variability:
- Total flow rate that must be divided.

The approximate synchronization error is about  $\pm 0.5\%$ . This synchronization degree is maintained over a wide flow range. In addition, due to the low leakage rate located in every individual section, the high syncronisation degree is maintained with different load conditions.

The flow dividers are not able to compensate the errors caused by different oil compression deriving from different cylinder loads: therefore it is recommended minimize the oil volumes between the flow divider and the hydraulic actuators by the usage of short pipes (of the same diameter) of equal length foe each actuator. If this is not enough the synchronization error can be reduced or eliminated by an adequate use of relief pressure valves.

#### SYNCHRONIZATION RATIO

In general, the synchronization ratio is 1:1. Other synchronization ratios are possible, to obtain more details please contact Italgroup technical departement.

#### INTERNAL PRESSURE DROP

The minimum recommended flow per section can be calculated as the 20% of the maximum continuous flow (refer to the flow dividers technical data). To minimize the internal pressure drop, that is higher when the flow divider is working at high working pressures, basing on the fact that often the flow divider works in only one direction, the flow divider can be realized, for example, in the return line. Another possibility to reduce the pressure drop, when the synchronization is required in the low pressures working phase only, the flow divider can be by-passed during the high pressure working phase by using check valves.

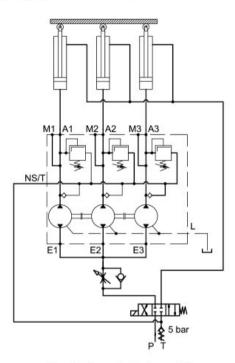


#### VALVES

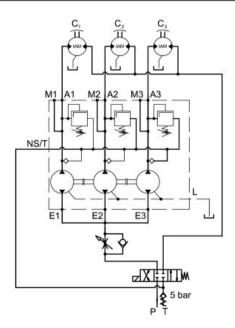
Italgroup can provide balancing valves directly assembled on Italgroup flow dividers. These valves are assembled together by the utilization of steel pipes supplied by Italgroup to minimize the piping and fitting problems (see the next pages for more details).

#### INSTALLATION CIRCUIT

The use of flow dividers is not complicate if the hydraulic circuit has an appropriate design. Additional installation operations are not necessary. See even the internal pressure drop paragraph for more details.



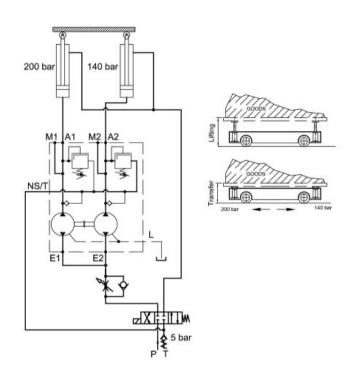
Flow divider application to control three cylinders



Flow divider application to control three motors

In some special conditions, for example when the load is not sufficiently high to create the minimum pressure difference that is needed to win the flow divider internal pressure, the user can add a further section (with equal or biggier displacement than the other sections) with the return line of this section directly connected to the tank.

With reference at the application example circuits, the check valves assure a minimum pressure in each flow divider section (in other words them act as anticavitation valves). The M1, M2 and M3 ports can be used as manometer ports. Refer to page 29 to obtain more details about the valve data and circuit.



Example: flow divider application circuit on a lifting truck



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#### **FORMULAS**

TORQUE (1) Torque = (specific torque) · (pressure)

TORQUE (2)  $displacement \, [cc/rev] \cdot pressure \, [bar]$ Torque [Nm] =

POWER (1) Torque [Nm] · speed [rpm] Power [kW] =

9549

POWER (2) Torque [Nm] · speed [rpm] Power [CV] = 7023

**SPEED** flow rate [l/min] · 1000 speed [rpm] = displacement [cc/rev]

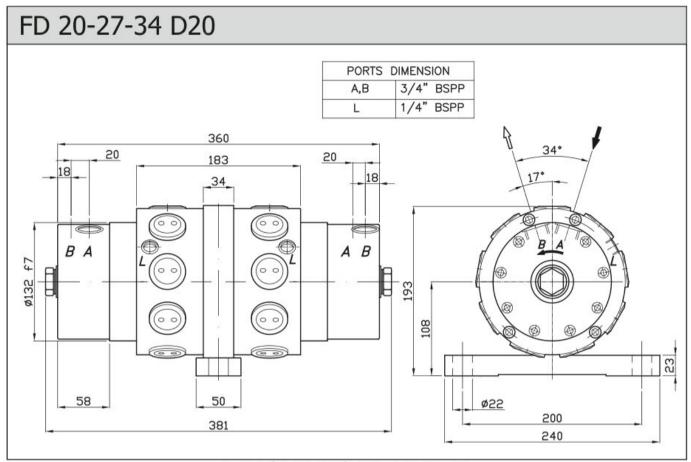
displacement [cc/rev] =  $\frac{\text{max required torque [Nm}] \cdot 62.8}{\text{max required torque [Nm]}}$ REQUIRED MOTOR DISPLACEMENT max pressure [bar]

flow [I/min] =  $\frac{\text{displacement} [cc/rev] \cdot max speed}{\text{max speed}} [rpm]$ REQUIRED PUMP FLOW RATE

#### **CONVERSIONS**

LENGTH	1 m	=	39.3701	in		1	lbf	=	0.4536	kgf
		=	3.2808	ft				=	4.448	N
		=	1.0936	yd						
		=	1000	mm	PRESSURE	1	bar	=	14.223	psi
	1 in	=	0.0833	ft				=	0.99	atm
		=	25.4	mm				=	1.02	ata
	1 ft	=:	0.3048	m				=	100000	Pa
		=	0.3333	yd				=	100	kPa
		=	12	in				=	0.1	MPa
	1 yd	=:	0.9144	m		1	psi	=	0.0703	bar
		=	3	ft			- 1			
		=	36		FLOW	1	l/min	=	0.264	gpm
	1 km	=	1000	m			•	=		cc/min
		=	1093.6			1	gpm	=	3.785	
		=	0.6214				-	=		cc/min
	1 mile	=	1.609	km		1	m <sup>3</sup> /s	=:	60000	
		=	1760	yd			•	=	15852	
	3.	_								٥.
MASS	1 kg	=	2.2046	lb	VOLUME	1	m <sup>3</sup>	=	1000	I
	1 lb	=	0.4536	kg		1	1	=	61,023	in <sup>3</sup>
								=	0,264	
SPEED	1 m/s	=	3.6	km/h		1	in <sup>3</sup>	=	0,01639	Ī
		=	2.237					=	16,39	cm <sup>3</sup>
		=	3.2808	ft/s				=	0,004326	galUS
	1 km/h	=	0.2778	m/s		1	galUS	=	3,7879	Ī
	T 13111/11		0.2770	111/3	- !					
	1 Killyll	=	0.6214				gaiss	=		in <sup>3</sup>
	1 Kilyii	=		mph	POWER		kW	=	231,15 1.341	in <sup>3</sup> HP
		-	0.6214	mph ft/s	POWER		- 50		231,15 1.341	in <sup>3</sup> HP CV
	1 mph	=	0.6214 0.9113 1.609	mph ft/s km/h	POWER	1	- 50	=	231,15 1.341 1.3596	HP
		=	0.6214 0.9113 1.609 0.447	mph ft/s km/h m/s	POWER	1	kW	=	231,15 1.341	HP CV Kw
		= = =	0.6214 0.9113 1.609	mph ft/s km/h m/s ft/s	POWER	1	kW	=	231,15 1.341 1.3596 0.7457	HP CV Kw
	1 mph	= = = =	0.6214 0.9113 1.609 0.447 1.467 0.3048	mph ft/s km/h m/s ft/s m/s	POWER	1	kW	=	231,15 1.341 1.3596 0.7457 1.0139	CV Kw CV
	1 mph	= = = = =	0.6214 0.9113 1.609 0.447 1.467	mph ft/s km/h m/s ft/s m/s km/h		1	kW	=======================================	231,15 1.341 1.3596 0.7457	HP CV Kw CV
FORCE	1 mph	= = = = = =	0.6214 0.9113 1.609 0.447 1.467 0.3048 1.0973 0.6818	mph ft/s km/h m/s ft/s m/s km/h		1 1	kW HP Nm	=======================================	231,15 1.341 1.3596 0.7457 1.0139 0.102	HP CV Kw CV kgm lbf ft
FORCE	1 mph 1 ft/s	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	0.6214 0.9113 1.609 0.447 1.467 0.3048 1.0973	mph ft/s km/h m/s ft/s m/s km/h mph kgf		1 1	kW	= = = =	231,15 1.341 1.3596 0.7457 1.0139 0.102 0.7376	KW CV kgm lbf ft Nm
FORCE	1 mph 1 ft/s	= = = = = = = =	0.6214 0.9113 1.609 0.447 1.467 0.3048 1.0973 0.6818 0.102	mph ft/s km/h m/s ft/s m/s km/h mph kgf		1 1 1	kW HP Nm	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	231,15 1.341 1.3596 0.7457 1.0139 0.102 0.7376 9.806	KW CV kgm lbf ft Nm

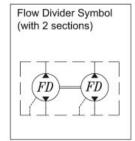




## TECHNICAL DATA

## FD 20-27-34 D20

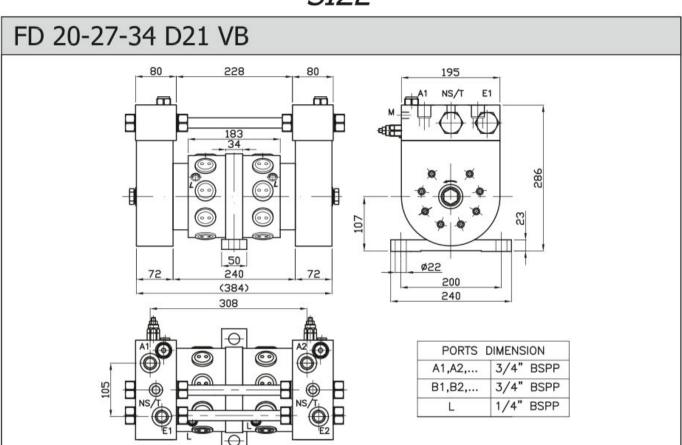
MODEL	Flow pe	r section	Displacement	Wo	Power		
	I/min (cont)	/min (cont) l/min (max)		continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/iiiii (conc)	i/iiiii (iiiax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD20	25	35	20	250	280	320	9
FD27	35	50	27	250	280	320	12
FD34	45	60	34	250	280	320	15



Dry weight 55 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar



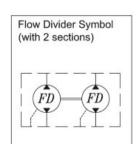


## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FD 20-27-34 D21 VB

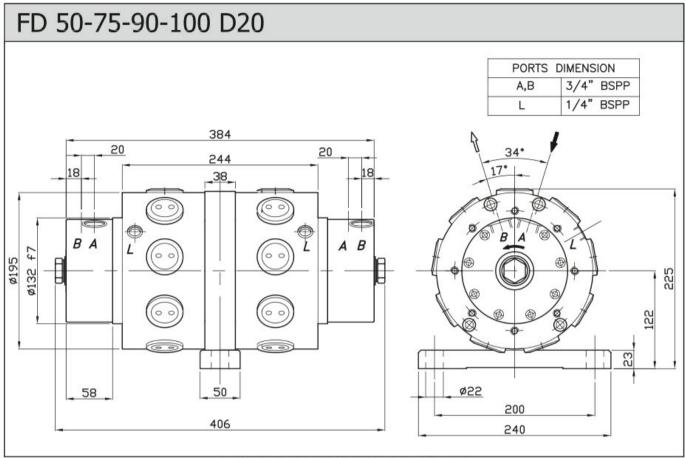
MODEL	Flow pe	r section	Displacement	Wo	Power		
	I/min (cont)	I/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/illiii (conc)	ijiiiii (iiiax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD20	25	35	20	250	280	320	9
FD27	35	50	27	250	280	320	12
FD34	45	60	34	250	280	320	15

Refer to page 29 for valve technical data, valve dimensions and hydraulic circuit.



Dry weight 55 kg Max case pressure 20 bar

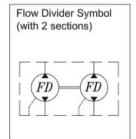




## TECHNICAL DATA

## FD 50-75-90-100 D20

MODEL	Flow pe	r section	Displacement	Wo	re	Power	
	I/min (cont)	l/min (max)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/iliii (cont)	ijiiiii (iiiax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD50	60	80	50	250	280	320	20
FD75	90	120	76	250	280	320	30
FD90	110	140	89	250	280	320	35
FD100	125	160	101	250	280	320	40

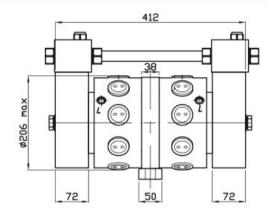


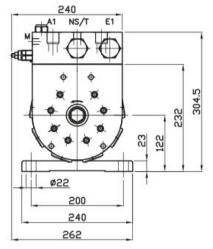
Dry weight 65 kg

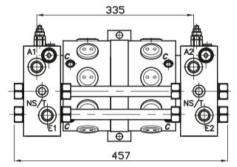
Max case pressure 20 bar



#### FD 50-75-90-100 D21 VB







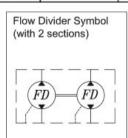
PORTS	PORTS DIMENSION								
A1,A2,	3/4" BSPP								
B1,B2,	3/4" BSPP								
L	1/4" BSPP								

## TECHNICAL DATA

## FD 50-75-90-100 D21 VB

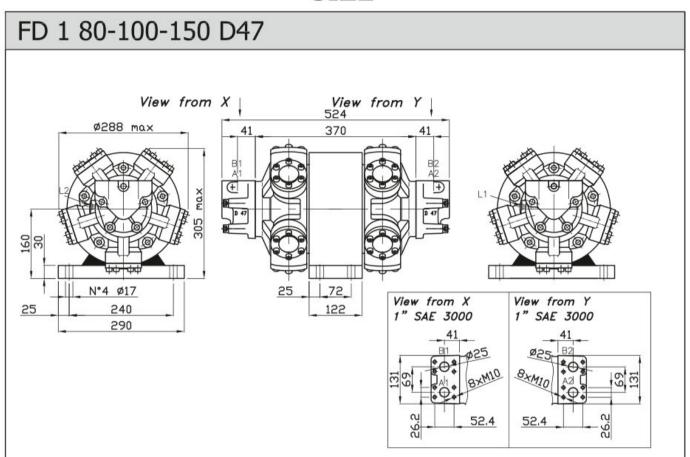
MODEL	Flow pe	r section	Displacement	Wo	re	Power	
	I/min (cont)	l/min (max)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/iliii (conc)	ijiiiii (iiiax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD50	60	80	50	250	280	320	20
FD75	90	120	76	250	280	320	30
FD90	110	140	89	250	280	320	35
FD100	125	160	101	250	280	320	40

Refer to page 29 for valve technical data, valve dimensions and hydraulic circuit.



Dry weight 65 kg Max case pressure 20 bar

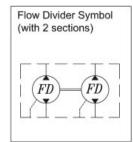




## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FD 1 80-100-150 D47

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Wo	re	Power	
	I/min (cont)	I/min (max)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	ijiiiii (conc)	ijiiiii (iliax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 1 80	55	65	80	250	280	350	20
FD 1 100	70	85	100	250	280	350	25
FD 1 150	110	130	157	250	280	350	38



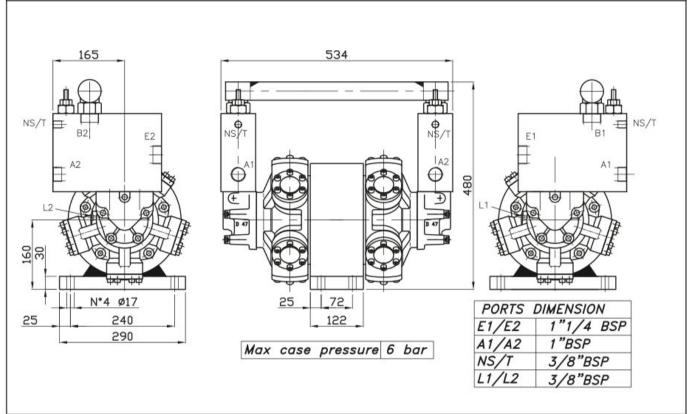
PORTS DIMENSION
L1/L2 3/8" BSP

Dry weight 90 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar



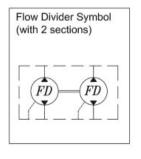
#### FD 1 80-100-150 D47 VB

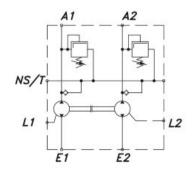


## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FD 1 80-100-150 D47 VB

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Wo	re	Power	
	I/min (cont)	l/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	l/min (cont) l/min (max)		cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 1 80	55	65	80	250	280	350	20
FD 1 100	70	85	100	250	280	350	25
FD 1 150	110	130	157	250	280	350	38



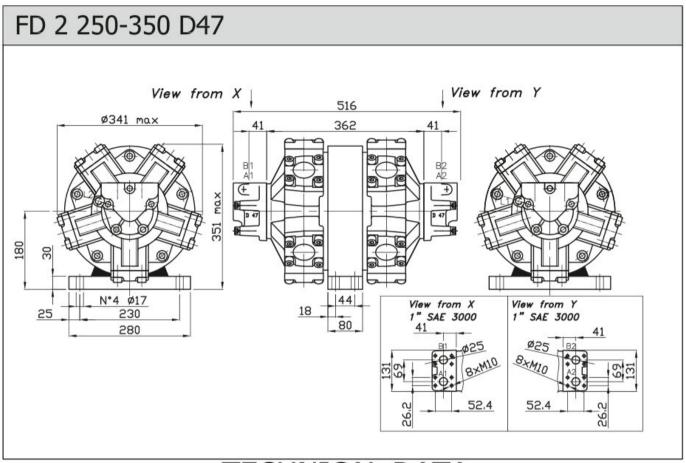


RELIEF VALVE DATA				
Rated flow	40 1/min			
Adjustable pressure range	5-50 bar			
	30-100 bar			
	50-220 bar			
	80-350 bar			

Dry weight 90 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar

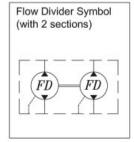




## TECHNICAL DATA

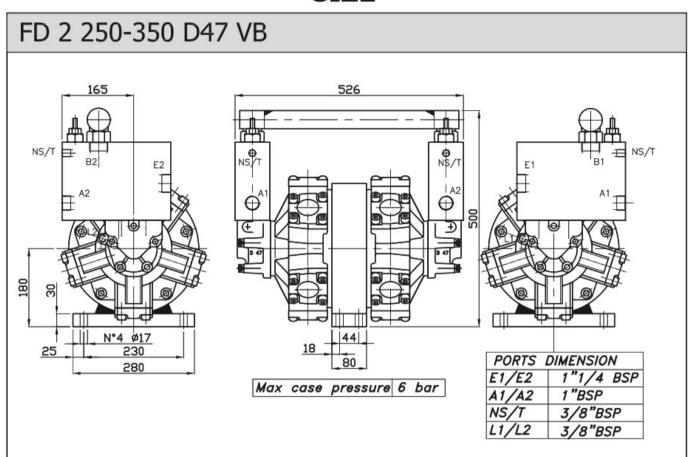
#### FD 2 250-350 D47

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/min (cont)	l/min (max)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	lymin (conc)		cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 2 250	130	150	253	250	280	350	45
FD 2 350	165	190	362	250	280	350	58



PORTS DIMENSION 3/8" BSP L1/L2 Dry weight 110 kg Max case pressure 20 bar

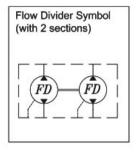


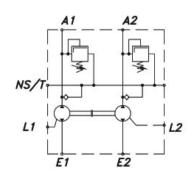


## TECHNICAL DATA

## FD 2 250-350 D47 VB

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/min (cont)	I/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	I/IIIII (COIIC)	I/min (max)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 2 250	130	150	253	250	280	350	45
FD 2 350	165	190	362	250	280	350	58



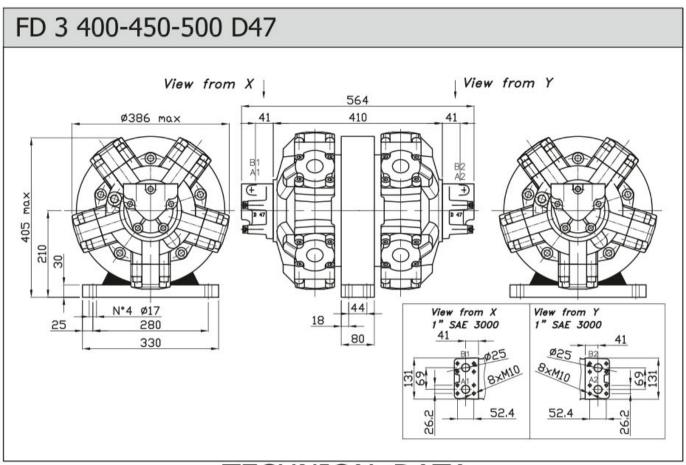


RELIEF VALVE DATA				
Rated flow	40 I/min			
Adjustable pressure range	5-50 bar			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	30-100 bar			
	50-220 bar			
	80-350 bar			

Dry weight 110 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar

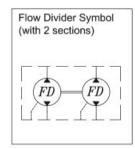




## TECHNICAL DATA

## FD 3 400-450-500 D47

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/min (cont)	t) I/min (max)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/iliii (conc)		cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 3 400	170	190	397	250	280	350	60
FD 3 450	190	215	452	250	280	350	67
FD 3 500	210	230	491	250	280	350	74
FD 3 600	230	260	594	250	280	350	80

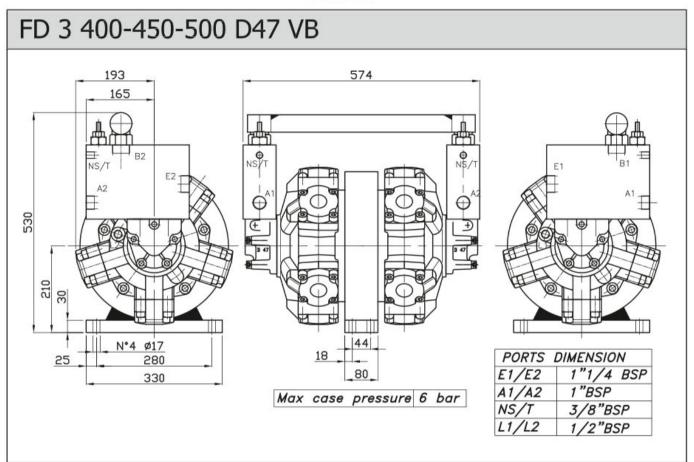


PORTS DIMENSION
L1/L2 1/2" BSP

Dry weight 180 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar

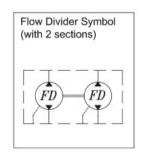


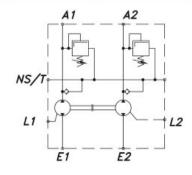


## TECHNICAL DATA

## FD 3 400-450-500 D47 VB

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/min (nont)	l/min (max)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	lymin (conc)		cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 3 400	170	190	397	250	280	350	60
FD 3 450	190	215	452	250	280	350	67
FD 3 500	210	230	491	250	280	350	74
FD 3 600	230	260	594	250	280	350	80

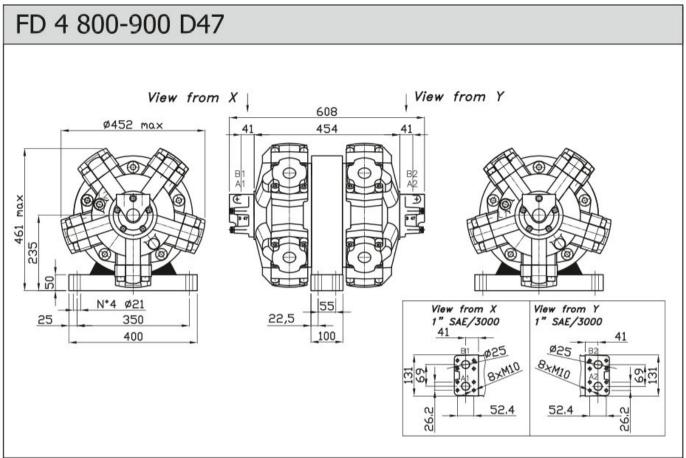




RELIEF VALVE DATA					
Rated flow	40 1/min				
Adjustable pressure range	5-50 bar				
1.5	30-100 bar				
	50-220 bar				
	80-350 bar				

Dry weight 180 kg

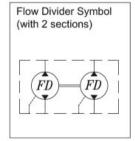


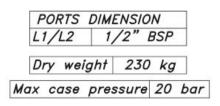


## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FD 4 800-900 D47

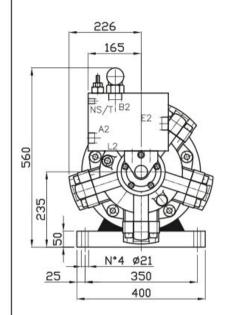
MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/min (cont)	I/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	I/IIIIII (COIIC)	l/min (max)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 4 800	250	295	792	250	280	350	88
FD 4 900	285	335	904	250	280	350	100

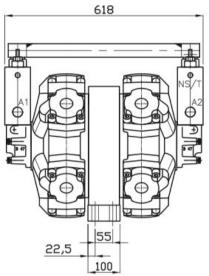




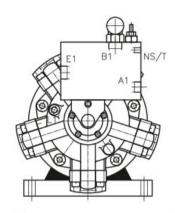


#### FD 4 800-900 D47 VB





Max case pressure 6 bar

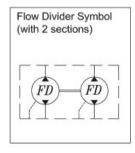


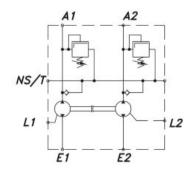
PORTS DIMENSION							
E1/E2	1"1/4 BSP						
A1/A2	1 "BSP						
NS/T	3/8"BSP						
L1/L2	1/2"BSP						

## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FD 4 800-900 D47 VB

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	l/min (cont)	I/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	ijiiiii (conc)	.)  /       (IIIax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 4 800	250	295	792	250	280	350	88
FD 4 900	285	335	904	250	280	350	100



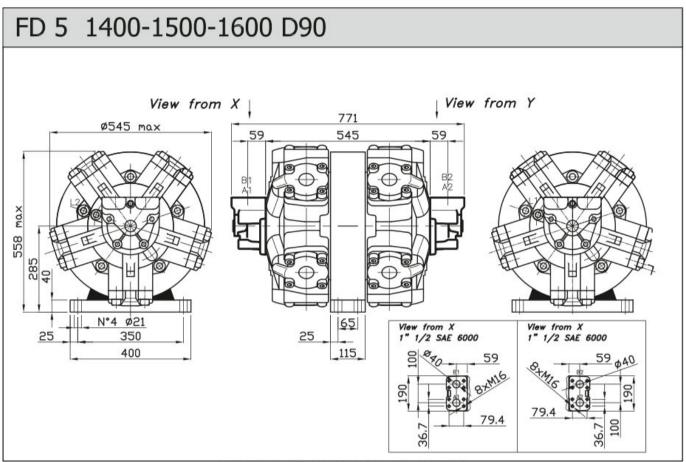


RELIEF VALVE DATA					
Rated flow	40 1/min				
Adjustable pressure range	5-50 bar				
	30-100 bar				
	50-220 bar				
	80-350 bar				

Dry weight 230 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar

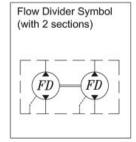




## TECHNICAL DATA

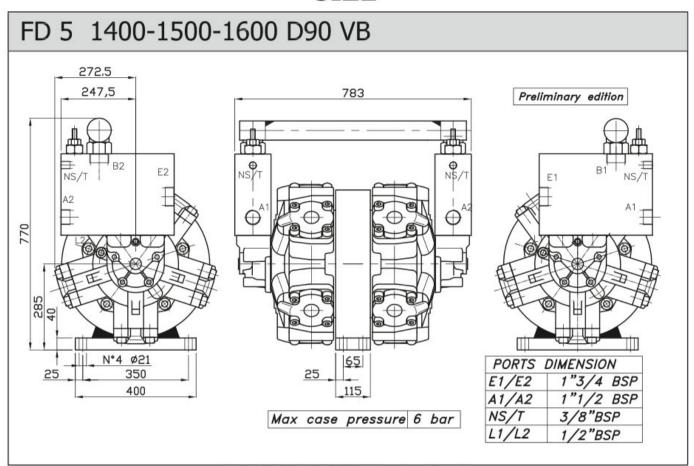
#### FD 5 1400-1500-1600 D90

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/main (cont)	:) I/min (max)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/iliii (conc)		cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 5 1400	290	340	1376	250	280	300	87
FD 5 1500	320	375	1528	250	280	300	96
FD 5 1600	350	400	1648	250	280	300	105



PORTS DIMENSION 1/2" BSP L1/L2 Dry weight 460 kg Max case pressure 20 bar

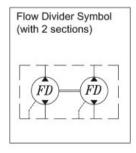


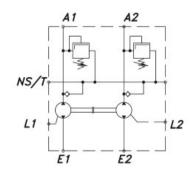


## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FD 5 1400-1500-1600 D90 VB

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	l/min (cont) l/min (max)		per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	lymin (conc)	i/iiiii (iiiax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 5 1400	290	340	1376	250	280	300	87
FD 5 1500	320	375	1528	250	280	300	96
FD 5 1600	350	400	1648	250	280	300	105



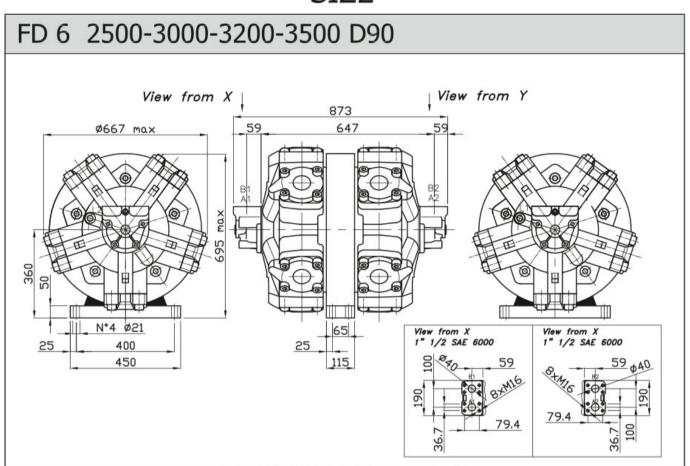


RELIEF VALVE L	DATA
Rated flow	40 I/min
Adjustable pressure range	5-50 bar
	30-100 bar
	50-220 bar
	80-350 bar

Dry weight 460 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar

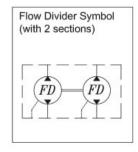




## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FD 6 2500-3000-3200-3500 D90

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/min (cont)	I/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	l/min (cont) l/min (max)		cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 6 2500	390	460	2525	250	280	300	118
FD 6 3000	440	525	2983	250	280	300	132
FD 6 3200	460	550	3289	250	280	300	138
FD 6 3500	490	590	3479	250	280	300	147

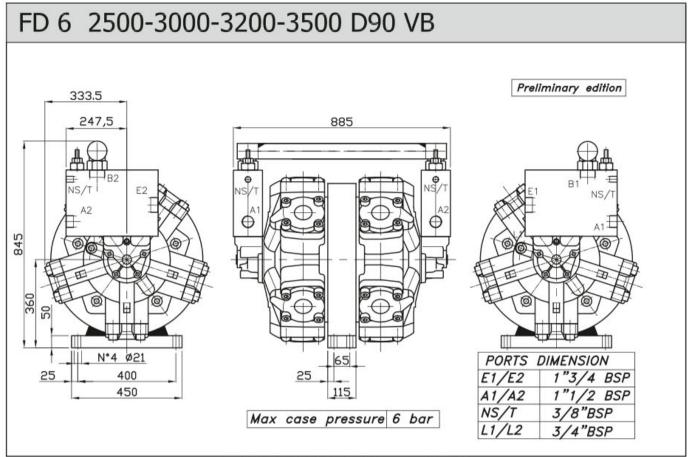


PORTS DIMENSION 3/4" BSP L1/L2

Dry weight 900 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar

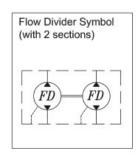


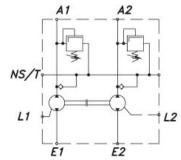


#### TECHNICAL DATA

#### FD 6 2500-3000-3200-3500 D90 VB

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/min (cont)	I/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	l/min (cont) l/min (max)		cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FD 6 2500	390	460	2525	250	280	300	118
FD 6 3000	440	525	2983	250	280	300	132
FD 6 3200	460	550	3289	250	280	300	138
FD 6 3500	490	590	3479	250	280	300	147



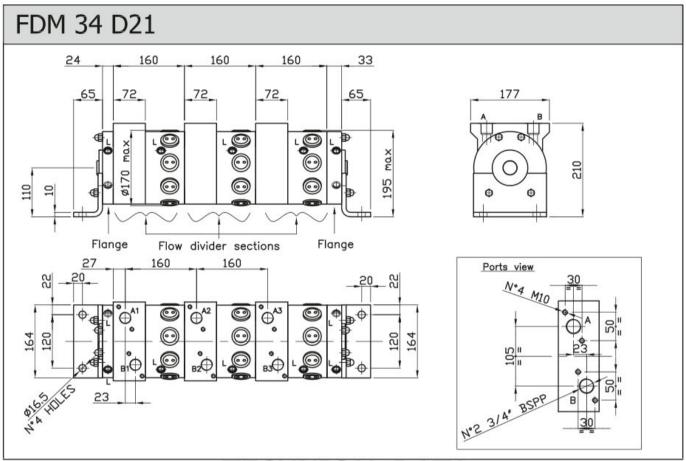


RELIEF VALVE L	DATA	
Rated flow	40 1/min	
Adjustable pressure range	5-50 bar	
portis <b>=</b> 000, 100 to 100, 100 <b>=</b> 0, 100 € 100 to	30-100 bar	
	50-220 bar	
	80-350 bar	

Dry weight 900 kg

Max case pressure 20 bar

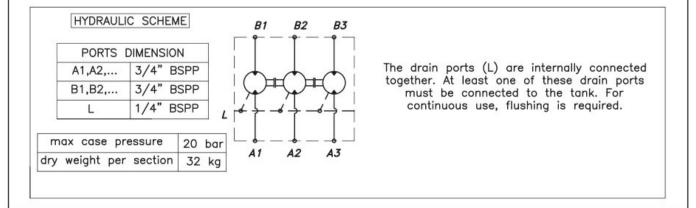




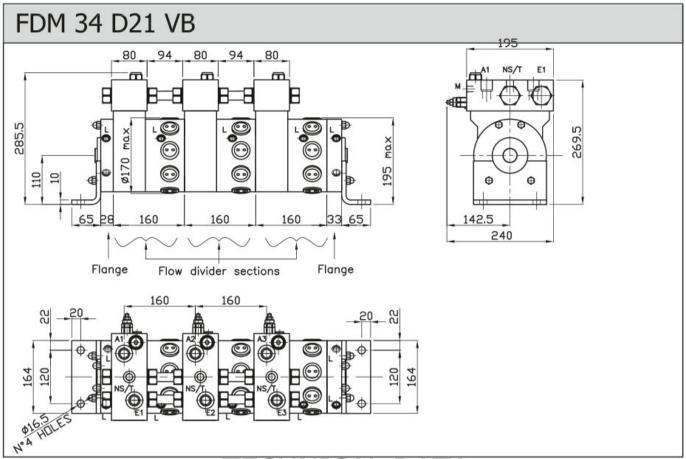
## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FDM 34 D21

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	I/min (cont)	I/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/iiiii (cont)	i/iiiii (iiiax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FDM34	45	60	34	250	280	320	15







## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FDM 34 D21 VB

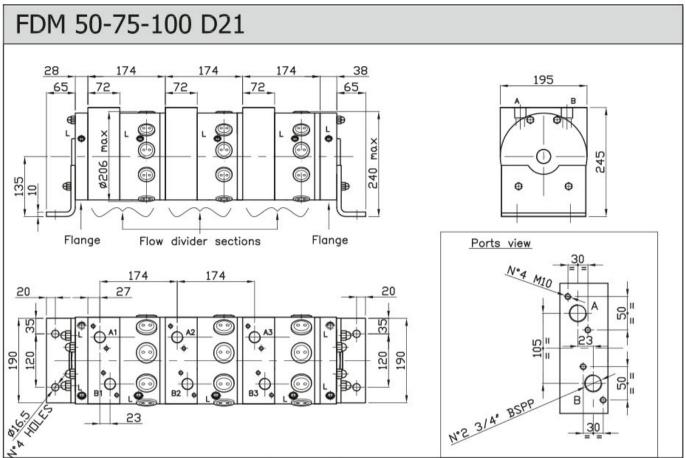
MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	l/min (cont)	l/min (may)	per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	ijiiiii (conc)	i/IIIII (IIIax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FDM34	45	60	34	250	280	320	15

PORTS	DIMENSION
A1,A2,	3/4" BSPP
E1,E2,	1" BSPP
M1,M2,	1/4" BSPP
L	1/4" BSPP
NS/T	3/8" BSPP

max case pressure 20 bar dry weight per section

Refer to page 29 for valve technical data, valve dimensions and hydraulic circuit.

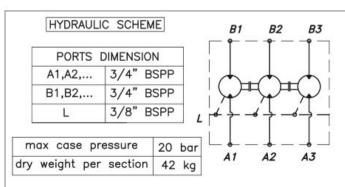




## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FDM 50-75-100 D21

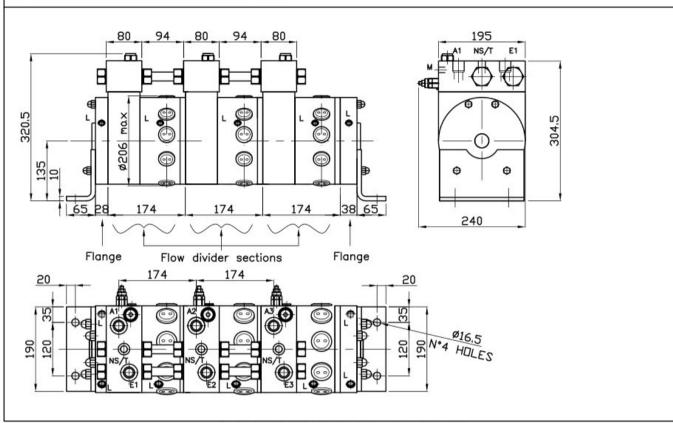
MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	l/min (cont) l/min (max)		per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/illiii (cont)	i/iiiii (iiiax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FDM50	60	80	51	250	280	320	20
FDM75	90	120	76	250	280	320	35
FDM100	125	160	102	250	280	320	40



The drain ports (L) are internally connected together. At least one of these drain ports must be connected to the tank. For continuous use, flushing is required.



#### FDM 50-75-100 D21 VB



## TECHNICAL DATA

#### FDM 50-75-100 D21 VB

MODEL	Flow per section		Displacement	Working pressure			Power
	l/min (cont) l/min (max)		per section	continuous	intermittent	maximum	per section
	i/IIIII (COIIC)	ijiiiii (iiiax)	cc/Rev	bar	bar	bar	kW
FDM50	60	80	51	250	280	320	20
FDM75	90	120	76	250	280	320	35
FDM100	125	160	102	250	280	320	40

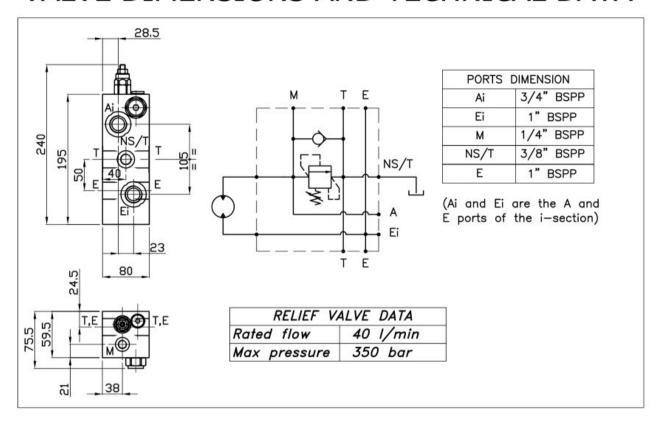
PORTS [	DIMENSION
A1,A2,	3/4" BSPP
E1,E2,	1" BSPP
M1,M2,	1/4" BSPP
L	3/8" BSPP
NS/T	3/8" BSPP

max case pressure 20 bar dry weight per section 45 kg

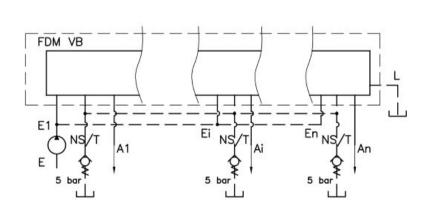
Refer to page 29 for valve technical data, valve dimensions and hydraulic circuit.



## VALVE DIMENSIONS AND TECHNICAL DATA



#### HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT



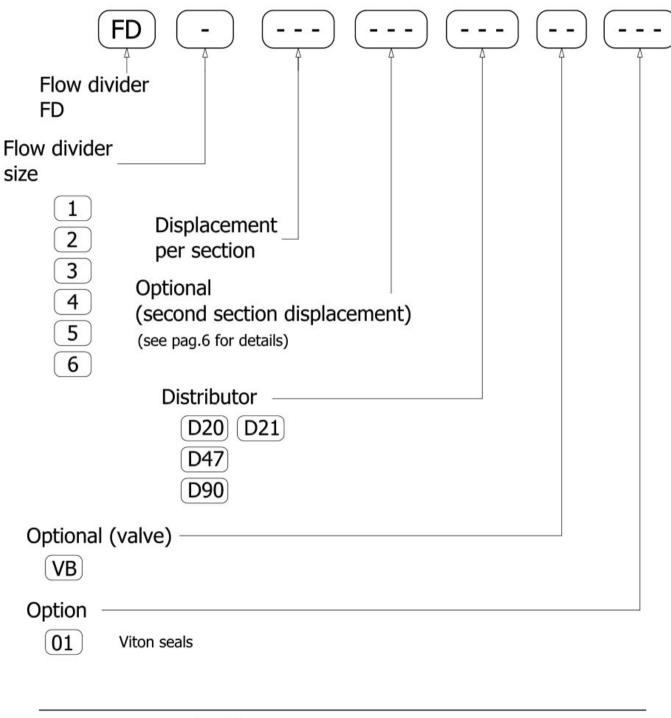
The NS/T port of the valve has to be connected to the tank. If the inlet flow is very high it is necessary to connect more than one inlet port despite all E ports are internally connected together, in order to avoid an excessive pressure drop.

For further information contact Italgroup technical department.



HYDRAULIC MOTORS ITALY

## FD SERIES - ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

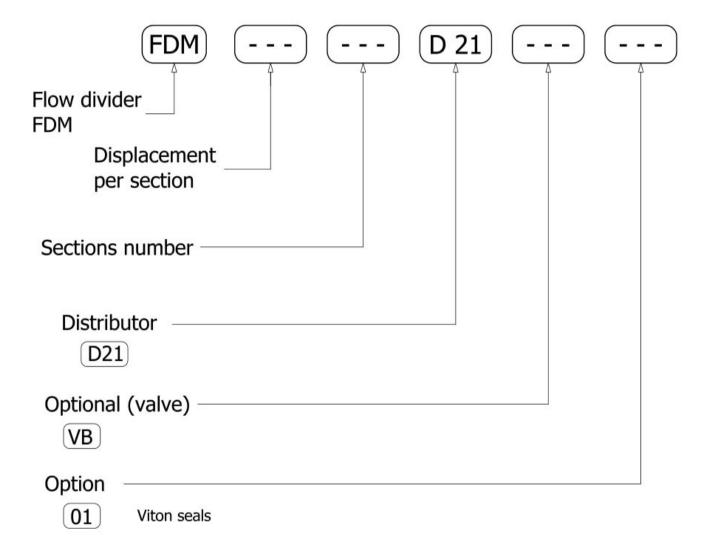


FD.27.D20 **EXAMPLE:** 

FD.1.150.D47.VB FD.5.1500.D90 FD.20.34.D21.VB.01



## FDM SERIES - ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS



EXAMPLE: FDM.50-4.D21.VB

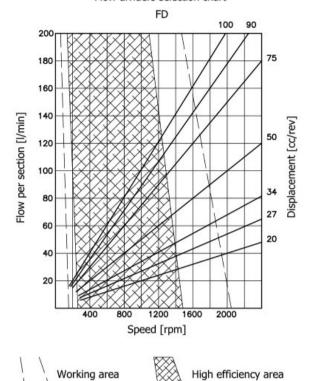
FDM.75-3.D21 FDM.100-4.D21 FDM.100-4.D21.01



#### HYDRAULIC MOTORS

#### ITALY

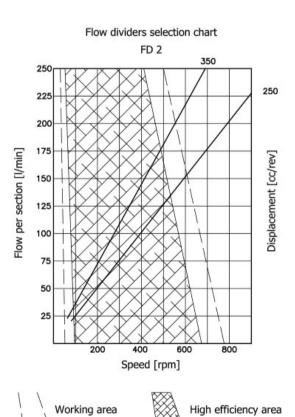
Flow dividers selection chart

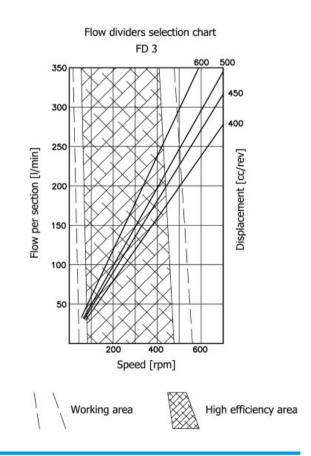


High efficiency area

Working area

Flow dividers selection chart





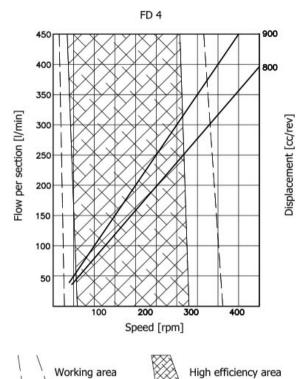


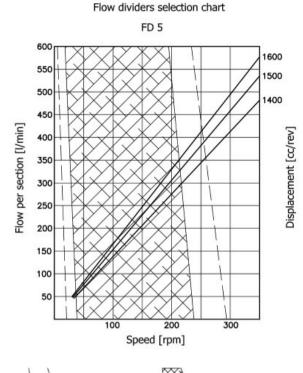
HYDRAULIC MOTORS

ITALY

High efficiency area

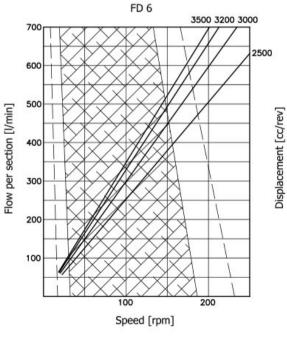




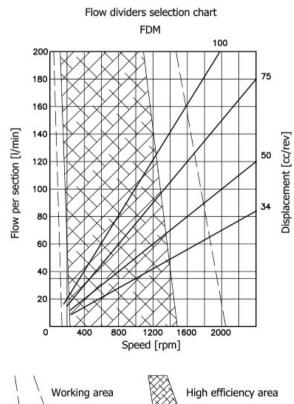


Working area

# Flow dividers selection chart



High efficiency area



Working area



HYDRAULIC MOTORS ITALY

Note



ITALY
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ITALY

#### **CONTACT US**

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e-mail: <u>italgroup@italgroup.eu</u> internet: <u>http://www.italgroup.eu</u>



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